

## Supplementary materials

**Table S1. Medicinal plant species used for wound healing and related skin conditions, including family, origin, plant part used, number of reports, Brazilian region, and experimental evidence for antibacterial effect.**

Family	Scientific name*	Origin**	Number of citations***	Plant part used#	Brazilian region\$	Part of the plant/Type of extract/concentration	Bacterial specie(s); MIC value (s) (µg/mL)	Refs.
Amaranthaceae	<i>Alternanthera brasiliensis</i> (L.) Kuntze	N	5	L, R	CW (2), NE (2), S (1)	Leaves, aqueous extract (ext)	<i>Mycobacterium smegmatis</i> ; 15.6	[37]
	<i>Alternanthera dentata</i> (Moench) Stuchlík ex R.E. Fr.	N	1	L	S (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Alternanthera ramosissima</i> (Mart.) Chodat	N	1	L	CW (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Dysphania ambrosioides</i> (L.)	E	5			Leaves, hydroethanolic ext	<i>Helicobacter pylori</i> ; 200	[40]

	Mosyakin & Clemants			AP, WP, L, R	CW (2), NE (2), S (1)	Aerial parts, essential oil	<i>Acinetobacter</i> <i>baumannii</i> ; 140 <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 90 <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>aeruginosa</i> ; 120 <i>Staphylococcus</i> <i>aureus</i> ; 120	[41]
Anacardiaceae	<i>Anacardium</i> <i>humile</i> A. St.-Hil.	N	1	B, F, L, R	CW (1)	Leaves, ethanol ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 4.1 <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>aeruginosa</i> ; 8.2	[49]
						Leaves, acetone ext (tannins from butanol)	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 4.1 <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ; 2	[50]
	<i>Anacardium</i> <i>occidentale</i> L.	N	8	B, SB, F, L, R	CW (2), N (1), NE (5)	Root bark, methanol ext	<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 40 <i>Enterococcus</i> <i>faecalis</i> ; 10 <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 40 <i>Klebsiella spp</i> ; 40 <i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ; 40 <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>aeruginosa</i> ; 10	[44]

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						<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 20	
					Leaves, ethanol ext	<i>Streptococcus spp</i> ; 40 <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 12.5 <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 12.5 <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ; 25	[45]
					Nuts, acetone ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 50	[46]
					Leaves, acetone ext	0.00188-0.00375 <i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> subsp. <i>mycoides</i> ; 310	[47]
					Aerial parts, hexane and methanol exts	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 62.5 and 7.5 <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ; 125 and 7.5	[48]
<i>Myracrodruon urundeuva</i> Allemão	N	5	B, SB, F, L, R	CW (2), N (1), NE (4), S (1)	Leaves, ethanol ext	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ; 4.1 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 4.1	[49]

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					Leaves, essential oil	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; [53] 220 <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 110
<i>Schinus molle</i> L.	N	1	FL	S (1)	Leaves, methanol ext Flower, methanol ext Bark, methanol ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; [55] 250-125 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 125-62.5 <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ; 125 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 125
					Fruits, hexane ext Flower hexane ext Barks hexane ext Fruits hexane ext	<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> ; 125 [56] <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ; 250 <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ; 250 <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ; 62.5
	N	4			Leaves, lectin	Reduced the bacterial [58] load (12-fold to 72-fold)

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	<i>Schinus terebinthifolia</i> Raddi			B, L, S SB, Sd	CW (1), NE (2), S (1)		for 32 µg/mL, and 14-fold to 282-fold for 64 µg/mL)	
						Leaves, 80% aqueous ethanol ext	<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> ; 80% inhibition at 256 µg/ml	[60]
	<i>Himatanthus drasticus</i> (Mart.) Plumel	N	3	Lt	N (1), NE (2)	-	-	-
	<i>Himatanthus sucuuba</i> (Spruce ex Müll.Arg.) Woodson	N	1	B, Lt	CW (1)	Latex, aqueous fraction	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 350 <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 350 <i>Staphylococcus haemolyticus</i> ; 350	[65]
	<i>Himatanthus obovatus</i> (Müll. Arg.) Woodson	N	1	L	CW (1)	-	-	-
Asphodelaceae	<i>Aloe arborescens</i> Mill.	E	1	L	S (1),	Leaves, 1:1 dichloromethane: methanol and aqueous exts	<i>Helicobacter pylori</i> ; 250 and 130	[69]

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					Leaves, 1:1 dichloromethane: methanol ext	<i>Helicobacter pylori</i> ; 130	[70]
					Leaves, acetone ext	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ; 89 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 18 <i>Salmonella</i> <i>typhimurium</i> ;156 <i>Shigella flexneri</i> ; 18	[71]
					Leaves, ethanol (70%) and methanol (80%) at a ratio of 1:10 ext	<i>Enterococcus</i> <i>faecalis</i> ;140 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 70	[72]
<i>Aloe vera</i> (L.) Burm.f. (syn <i>Aloe</i> <i>barbadensis</i> )	E	9	B, L, Sp	CW (2), NE (3), S (3), SE (1)	Leaves gel, 100 g of gel in 2% DMSO	<i>Streptococcus mutans</i> ; 25 <i>Aggregatibacter</i> <i>actinomycetemcomitans</i> ; 50 <i>Porphyromonas</i> <i>gingivalis</i> ; 50	[75]

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						Leaves gel, 100 g of gel in 2% DMSO	MDR <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> , ≤ 200 (89.4% of isolates)	[76]
						Leaves, ethanol exts	<i>Bacillus megaterium</i> ; 32 <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 128 <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 32 <i>Salmonella typhi</i> -A; 64 <i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> ; 128 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 128	[77]
Asteraceae	<i>Calendula officinalis</i> L.	E	4	Fl, L	NE (1), S (2), SE (1)	Flower, methanol exts	<i>Erwinia amylovara</i> ; 256	[81]
Boraginaceae	<i>Symphytum officinale</i> L.	E	7	L, R	CW (2), NE (2), S (3), SE (1)	Leaves, ethanol and aqueous exts	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 98 and 98 <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> , 78.1	[86]
Celastraceae	<i>Maytenus ilicifolia</i> Mart. ex Rissek	N	3	L	NE (2), S (3)	Leaves, methanol ext	<i>Bacillus cereus</i> ; 156	[87]
	<i>Maytenus rigida</i> Mart.	N	1	L, Sb	NE (1)	-	-	-

Euphorbiaceae	<i>Croton heliotropiifolius</i> Kunth	N	2	R	NE (2)	Aerial parts, essential oil	<i>Bacillus cereus</i> ; 62.5	[95]
	<i>Croton salutaris</i> Casar.	N	1	Lt	CW (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Croton urucurana</i> Baill.	N	2	B, L, Lt	CW (1), SE (1)	Latex (fresh), aqueous ext	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ; 125 <i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> , <i>S. pyogenes</i> , <i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> , <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> , <i>Shigella flexneri</i> ; 250	[98]
						Stem bark, ethanol ext	<i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> , <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> ,	

						Stem bark, chloroform ext	<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 250 <i>Escherichia coli</i> , <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> , <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> , <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> , <i>Shigella flexneri</i> ; 250	
	<i>Croton zehntneri</i> Pax & K. Hoffm.	N	1	L, R	NE (1)	Leaves, ethanol ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ;	[96] 64
Fabaceae	<i>Anadenanthera colubrina</i> (Vell.) Brenan	N	2	IB, SB	CW (1), NE (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Anadenanthera colubrina</i> var. <i>cebil</i> (Griseb.) Altschul	N	1	IB	CW (1)	Aerial parts, ethyl acetate ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ;	[102] 312.5
	<i>Anadenanthera peregrina</i> (L.) Speg.	N	1	B, R, Rs	CW (1)	Leaves, aqueous ext	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ;	[103] 310
	<i>Anadenanthera peregrina</i> var.	N	1	IB	CW (1)	-	-	-



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							<i>Lactobacillus casei</i> ; 66.0	
<i>Copaifera</i> <i>cearensis</i> Huber ex Ducke	N	1	Oi	NE (1)	-	-	-	-
<i>Copaifera</i> <i>langsdorffii</i> Desf.	N	3	F, S, SB, SI, L, Rs, Sd	CW (1), NE (2)	Trunk, oleoresin		<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 125	[118]
					Trunk, oleoresin		<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 200	[119]
					Leaves, ethyl acetate		<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 32	[120]
					Trunk, oleoresin		<i>Mycobacterium</i> <i>tuberculosis</i> ; 62.5-250	[121]
<i>Copaifera</i> <i>multijuga</i> Hayne	N	1	SB, Oi	N (1)	Trunk, oleoresin		<i>Mycobacterium</i> <i>tuberculosis</i> ; 125-250	[121]
					Trunk, oleoresin		<i>Salmonella</i> <i>choleraesuis</i> ; 250	[118]
<i>Hymenaea</i> <i>courbaril</i> L.	N	3	F, SB, IB, Rs	CW (1), NE (2)	Leaves, methanol ext		<i>Staphylococcus</i> <i>aureus</i> ,16 <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>aeruginosa</i> ; 16	[127]

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					Stem bark, methanol and hexane exts	<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> ; 200 and 200	[128]
					Stem bark, hexane and dichloromethane exts	<i>Nocardia brasiliensis</i> ; 25-200 and 25-200	
					Fruit peels, essential oil	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 190 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 170	[129]
					Fruits, bark and starchy pulp hydroalcoholic exts	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 350 and 350 <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ; 350 and 350 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 350 and > 400	[130]
<i>Stryphnodendron adstringens</i> (Mart.) Coville	N	7	B, S, SB, IB, L, Sp, Sd	CW (2), NE (4), SE (1)	Stem bark, aqueous and ethanol exts	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 19.80-58.10 and 4.64 <i>Streptococcus mutans</i> ; 20.33-38.33 and 3.25 <i>Actinobacillus actinomycetemcomitans</i> ; 18.83-28.41 and 5.86	[136]

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						Stem bark and leaves, hydroalcoholic exts	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 31.25 and 62.5 <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 7.81 and 15.6	[137]
						Bark, ethanol exts	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 250 <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> ; 250 <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ; 250 <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 250	[138]
						Stem bark, acetone/H <sub>2</sub> O (7:3 v/v) exts (aqueous and ethyl acetate fractions)	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 125-250 (also for fractions)	[139]
Malvaceae	<i>Sida planicaulis</i> Cav.	N	1	L	SE (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> L.	N	1	L	SE (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Sida cf. cordifolia</i> L.	N	1	L, WP	NE (1)	Leaves, ethanol ext	<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 98	[143]

	<i>Sida cf. linifolia</i> Juss. ex Cav.	N	1	L, WP	NE (1)	-	-	-
Myrtaceae	<i>Psidium guajava</i> L.	E	4	B, L, St	CW (1), NE (2), S (1)	Leaves; methanol- chloroform ext  Leaves; ethyl acetate and acetone exts	<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 250  <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 50% of antibiofilm effect (BI <sub>50</sub> ) about 60 µg/ml	[147]  [148]
Olacaceae	<i>Ximenia</i> <i>americana</i> L.	N	4	B, SB, IB	NE (4)	Roots; phenol acid-rich fraction  Root barks; dichloromethane ext	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; <i>Klebsiella arogenes</i> ; 100 <i>Proteus mirabilis</i> , <i>Shigella boydii</i> , <i>Shigella</i> <i>flexneri</i> , <i>Salmonella</i> <i>thyphi</i> ; 25 <i>Mycobacterium</i> <i>tuberculosis</i> ; 125	[151]  [152]
Piperaceae	<i>Piper aduncum</i> L.	N	1	-	NE (1)	Leaves/inflorescences, hexane ext	<i>Bacillus cereus</i> ; 62.5/50 <i>Brochothrix</i> <i>thermosphacta</i> ; 150/62.5 <i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 400/20	[154]

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						<i>Salmonella</i>	
						<i>typhimurium</i> ; 100/62.5	
						<i>Clostridium botulinum</i> ;	
						200/32.5	
						<i>Pseudomonas</i>	
						<i>fluorescens</i> ; 50/50	
					Leaves, 80% ethanol ext	<i>Streptococcus mutans</i> ;	[155]
						160	
					Leaves, essential oils	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ;	[156]
						16	
<i>Piper amalago</i> L.	N	1	L	S (1)	Leaves, chloroform ext	<i>Alicyclobacillus</i>	[159]
						<i>acidoterrestris</i> ; 62.3	
					Leaves; essential oils	<i>Bacillus cereus</i> ; 313	[160]
<i>Piper</i>	N	1	L	S (1)	Leaves; essential oils	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ;	[162]
<i>gaudichaudianum</i>						100-25	
Kunth							
<i>Piper peltatum</i> L.	N	1	L	N (1)	Leaves, hydroalcoholic	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	[164]
					ext	species, 125	
						<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ; 31.25	
					Leaves, hydroalcoholic	<i>Alicyclobacillus</i>	[165]
					ext	<i>acidoterrestris</i> ; 15.62	

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	<i>Piper umbellatum</i> L.	N	1	L, R	S (1)	Leaves, essential oils	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ; 156	[167]
Plantaginaceae	<i>Plantago major</i> L.	E	2	L	NE (1), SE (1)	Leaves and roots; 40% ethanol ext	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 2 <i>Klebsiella pneumonia</i> ; 4 and 2	[173]
	<i>Plantago</i> <i>sparsiflora</i> Michx.	E	1	L, Se, Sap, WP	CW (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Plantago</i> <i>tomentosa</i> Lam.	N	1	L	S (1)	-	-	-
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum</i> <i>aculeatissimum</i> Jacq.	N	1	F	S (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Solanum</i> <i>americanum</i> Mill.	N	3	L, WP	NE (2), S (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Solanum</i> <i>capsicoides</i> All.	N	1	F	SE (1)	-	-	-
	<i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L.	E	1	F	N (1)	Fruits, ethanol and aqueous exts	<i>Bacillus cereus</i> ; 130	[179]
	<i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L.	E	1	F	SE (1)	Fruits, methanol exts	<i>Escherichia coli</i> ; 312 <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>aeruginosa</i> ; 312	[180]

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*Staphylococcus aureus*;

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\*Plant species were selected based on popular uses reported in ethnobotanical sources that included one or more of the following indications: wound healing, skin disorders, burns, furuncles, or erysipelas, and when the genus was cited three or more times. \*\*Origin (native or exotic) was determined using the Tropicos database (<https://www.tropicos.org/>) and the Re flora database (<https://reflora.jbrj.gov.br>). \*\*\*Number of citations refers to the number of times each plant species was reported across the selected articles. # Plant parts used (abbreviations): AP: aerial parts; B: bark; F: fruit; Fl: flower; IB: inner bark; Lt: latex; L: leaf; Oi: oil; R: root; Rs: resin or oleoresin; S: stem; SB: stem bark; Sd: seed; Sp: sap; St: shoots; WP: whole plant. \$Brazilian regions: CW: Central-West; NE: Northeast; N: North; S: South.